

Evolving role of mobile service mediary: Is the I-mode business model becoming extinct?

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Research Fellow Jarkko Vesa Helsinki School of Economics / Information Systems Science email jarkko.vesa@hse.fi, tel. +358-50-511 1944

Introduction



- NTT DoCoMo a role model for successful mobile internet services.
- Analysis of the i-mode service by using the Bummat model revealed that DoCoMo had managed to create a true win-win business model, being the first true service mediary (Saarinen et al. 2002).
- However, due to technical evolution and changing regulatory environment in Europe, the role of a service mediary is changing.
- A new conceptual model called The Service Mediary Model of Mobile Services (SM³S) developed in order to analyze the changes.

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The Bummat model and i-mode



- Analysis of NTT DoCoMo's i-mode service (Saarinen et al. 2002).
- The Bummat model
 - describes the key roles, and the main functions and activities for managing business in the multi-channel world.
 - "The Bummat model describes the structure of a networked economy where the goal is to provide efficient and flexible services in a multichannel environment." (2002, p. 71)
 - The focus is in finding efficient ways of managing customer relationships and service delivery.

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The Bummat model (Kallio et al. 1999) Channel Operators Marketing Customer relationship Ordering Customer Access Brick and morta Mobile Product and service platforms DigiTV Others Service Mediary Customer relationship Technical management Service management Infomediary services Market mechanisms HMR2006 © Jarkko Vesa (2006)

Customer access perspective



- Customer access perspective focuses on (Saarinen et al. 2002)
 - · managing the interaction with various customer types
 - identifying customer requirements
 - understanding the *demand and potential* of different services
 - managing the *context of use* for various technologies and services
 - the execution of marketing and advertising in various channels.

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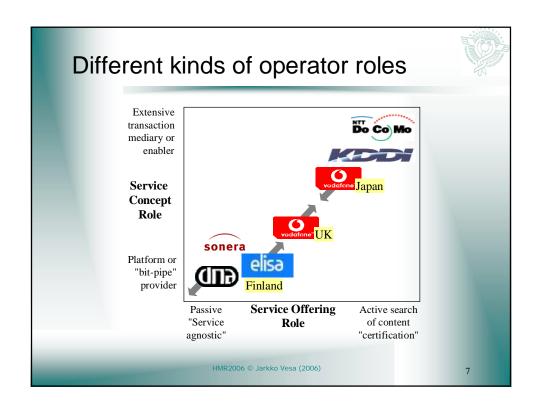
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Service mediary perspective



- Service mediary role focuses on developing service concepts, and on key functions or tasks such as (Saarinen et al. 2002)
 - customer relationship management (e.g., gathering, analysing and delivering customer data)
 - service management (e.g., roadmaps for new services, or new versions of existing services)
 - technical management (e.g. identifying the type of access device used, managing back-end connections)
 - · trust-enhancing services
 - · etc.

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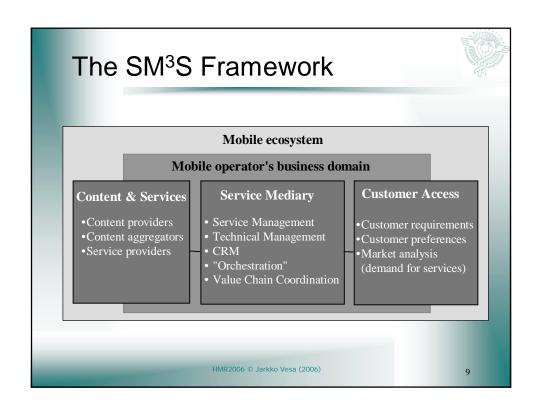


The SM3S Framework



- Key drivers
 - "all-IP" development in core and access networks
 - The emergence of enabling solutions such as the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS).
- Traditionally integrated mobile operator role will transform into a network of multiple specialized players
 - Content providers (own the rights of interesting content and services)
 - Service mediary (owns and manages service delivery platforms)
 - Customer access role (handled by operators, MVNOs, "the Brands")

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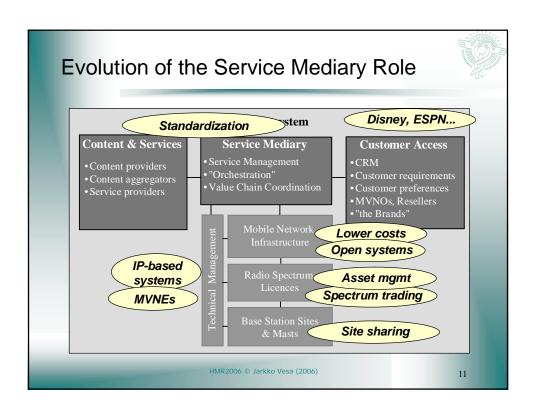


The changing role: from technical management to service management



- New developments in the field of technology and telecom regulation will transform the mobile services business landscape:
 - Convergence of IT and telecommunication ("all-IP")
 - New regulatory framework for telecommunications market in the EU (e.g. the plan to introduce spectrum markets by 2010).
- Spectrum trading
 - buying and selling the right to use a frequency band, which could help to determine the "market value" of spectrum
 - the allocation and assignment of radio frequencies (choice of technology and who uses it) would be based on market situation.

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Discussion and conclusion



- The role of services mediaries will change in the coming years, due to the changing technological and regulatory landscape particularly in Europe.
- The focus of service mediary activities will be increasingly in service management and the orchestration of business networks, or ecosystem.
- The role of technical management diminishes as ICT infrastructure and network management become increasingly standardized.

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